

HISTORY

UNIT - 1 ADVENT OF EUROPEANS TO INDIA

Complete the following blanks with suitable answers:

1. In 1453, the Ottoman Turks occupiedcity.
(Constantinople)
2. The sea route between India and Europe was discovered by-----
(Vascodagama)
3. The capital of French in India was-----
(Puducheri or Pondichery)
4. In 1757, Robert Clive declared ... war over Sirajud-aula. (Plassey)
5. The Dewani rights over Bengal were handed over to British by----
(Sha Alam-II)
6. The dual government policy was implemented by
in Bengal (Robert clive)

Answer the following questions in one sentence each.

1. Mention the Indian spices which had great demand in Europe.
 - Pepper, Cardamom, Ginger and many other spices
2. Which city is known as Gate of European Trade?
 - Constantinople is known as Gate of European Trade.
3. Who had gained monopoly over the trade in Asian countries?
 - Arab merchants had gained monopoly over the trade in Asian countries
4. Who had gained monopoly over trade in Europe?
 - Italian traders had gained monopoly over trade in Europe.
5. Through which city Asian and Europe trade was taking place?
 - Asian and Europe trade was taking place through the city of Constantinople.

6. When did the Ottoman Turks capture the city of Constantinople?
 - In 1453 the Ottoman Turks captured the city of Constantinople.
7. Who captured the city of Constantinople?
 - The Ottoman Turks captured the city of Constantinople.
8. The merchants felt that the trade was not profitable. Why?
 - The Turks started levying too many taxes on the goods passing through Constantinople routes.
9. How Spain and Portugal were attempting to break the monopoly of Italian traders?
 - Spain and Portugal were attempting to break the monopoly of Italian traders by encouraging courageous sailors to find a sea route to India.
10. Mention the inventions which helped to find out new sea route to India.
 - The invention of Compass, Astrolabes, and Gunpowder helped to find out new sea route to India.
11. Who discovered a new sea route to India?
 - Vasco da Gama discovered a new sea route to India.
12. Who was Vasco da Gama?
 - Vasco da Gama was the Portuguese sailor.
13. How did Vasco da Gama come to India?
 - Vasco da Gama left Lisbon and reached Kappadu near Calicut on the west coast of India in 1498.
14. When did Vasco da Gama discover a new sea route to India?
 - Vasco da Gama discovered a new sea route to India in 1498.