

SOCIOLOGY

1. INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

I. Fill in the blanks

1. Man is _____ being. (Social)
2. 'Logos' means _____. (Science or Study)
3. The Father of Sociology is _____. (Auguste Comte)
4. _____ is called as the advocate of 'Conflict theory'.
(Karl Marx)
5. Annihilation of Caste was written by _____.
(Dr. B.R. Ambedkar)

II. Answer the following Questions:

1. Who is called as the father of Sociology?

Ans: August Comte the French philosopher is called the father of Sociology.

2. Describe the nature of Sociology.

Ans: Sociology is a Social Science. It is a definite Study. It is a pure science. It is a general science.

3. What is Sociology?

Ans: Sociology deals Society and man. It is a subject which helps to study Society Scientifically. It is the Science of the human society. It studies the human society in a methodical manner.

4. Name the important early Sociologists.

Ans: August Comte, Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim, Max Weber.

5. Name the important Indian Sociologists.

Ans: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, G. S. Ghurye, M.N. Srinivas, C. Parvathamma, Iravatkarve and A.R. Desai.

III. Answer the following in 4 or 5 sentences:

1. Human beings are social beings. Explain.

Ans. Man and society are two sides of the same coin. There is no society with out man nor man without society. Man cannot live without society. Society will not progress without man. He desires to live with others. Society is necessary for development of all of us. Society has been called a web of social relationships. and man a social being.

2. Explain the relationship between sociology and history.

Ans. Sociology and history are interrelated -history is the recreation of the life a part society - sociology supports historians by providing scientific knowledge of various social institutions and their roles and functions.

3. What does Sociology study?

Ans. According to many sociologists sociology deals society and man. It is a subject which helps to study society scientifically. Sociology helps us to study human society in a methodical manner. In order to carry out a scientific study we must understand the difference between human society and animal society.

4. What books were written by Karl Marx?

Ans. Das capital, the holy family, the German ideology. The manifesto of the communist party.

5. Write a note on Ambedkar's early life.

Ans. B.R. Ambedkar was born in Ambawade village of Maharashtra on April 14, 1891. He lost his mother at the age of six and grew up under the care of his aunt Meerabai and started his primary education at satara. He joined the popular Elphinstone high school of Mumbai and passed matriculation with first class in 1907.

6. Write a note on prominent sociologist from Karnataka
C. Parvathamma.

Ans. Parvathamma made genuine attempts to spread (the learning of sociology across Karnataka) proves her commitment and sense social concerns. (Her major contributions are 'politics' and Religion) Sociological essays on Veera Shaivism, and her (studies on Socio-economic status of scheduled caste and tribes.)

7. Write a note on noted Indian sociologist M.N. Srinivas.

Ans. M.N.Srinivas is the internationally renowned Indian sociologist. He popularised the 'field based sociological studies' in India. (He wrote 'A remembered village' in 1976 and "The religion and society of Kodavas of South India'. In 1952.)

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS WITH ANSWERS

1. Human society is called as a web of

(Social relationships)

2. The Magazine 'Mookanayaka' is started by

(Dr. B.R Ambedkar)

