

4. Kautilya's work relating to political science is _____

Answers : 1 - POLIS, 2 - Plato, 3 - The Politics, 4 - Arthashastra

II. Answer the following questions:

1. What is political science?

Ans. Political science is one of the social sciences dealing with the political activities of man.

2. Who began the systematic study of political science?

Ans. The Greeks began the systematic study of political science. Though it was initially started by the Indians, the Chinese, the Egyptians and others, they gave a shape to it.

3. Who is called the 'Father of Political Science'?

Ans. Aristotle, The Greek philosopher is called as the Father of Political Science.

4. Give definition of Political science.

Ans. Political science is a study of origin and development of the state, the functions of government, rights and duties of citizens, etc.

5. Mention the use of the studying of political science?

Ans. There are many uses from the study of political science.

It helps us to understand the need for a state, good administration the role of the leaders and people's participation. It made the people to become responsible citizens of the state. It contributes to the establishment of a Just, peaceful, progressive and a happy state.

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS WITH ANSWERS

I. Answer the following in a sentence each.

1. What were the names given to political science in Ancient India?

Ans. A reference was made by our Ancient books particularly in the great epics on political science and rule of the king by using the words 'Raja Neeti', 'Raja Dharma' and so on.

2. Which are the three organs of the government?

Ans. The three organs of the government are the legislature, the executive and the Judiciary.

3. How do you know the knowledge of political science is essential at present?

Ans. In modern times most of the countries in the world adopted Democratic government. So the involvement of the people is the most essential factor for the success of this form of government.
